A happy man is too satisfied with the present to think too much about the future.

Written at age seventeen (September 18, 1896) for a school essay in French entitled “My Future Plans.” *CPAE*, Vol. 1, Doc. 22

Strenuous intellectual work and the study of God’s Nature are the angels that will lead me through all the troubles of this life with consolation, strength, and uncompromising rigor.

To Pauline Winteler, mother of Einstein’s girlfriend Marie, May (?) 1897. *CPAE*, Vol. 1, Doc. 34

*In many a lucid moment I appear to myself as an ostrich who buries his head in the desert sand so as not to perceive a danger. One creates a small world for oneself and . . . one feels miraculously great and important, just like a mole in its self-dug hole.*

Ibid.

*I know this sort of animal personally, from my own experience, as I am one of them myself. Not too much should be expected of them. . . . Today we are sullen, tomorrow high-spirited, after tomorrow cold, then again irritated and half-sick of life—not to mention unfaithfulness, ingratitude, and selfishness.*

To friend Julia Niggli, ca. August 6, 1899, after she asked him his opinion about her relationship with an older man. *CPAE*, Vol. 1, Doc. 51
I decided the following about our future: I will look for a position immediately, no matter how modest it is. My scientific goals and my personal vanity will not prevent me from accepting even the most subordinate position.

To future wife Mileva Marić, ca. July 7, 1901, while having difficulty finding his first job. *CPAE*, Vol. 1, Doc. 114

In living through this “great epoch,” it is difficult to reconcile oneself to the fact that one belongs to that mad, degenerate species that boasts of its free will. How I wish that somewhere there existed an island for those who are wise and of good will! In such a place even I should be an ardent patriot!

To Paul Ehrenfest, early December 1914. *CPAE*, Vol. 8, Doc. 39

Do not feel sorry for me. Despite terrible appearances, my life goes on in full harmony; I am entirely devoted to reflection. I resemble a farsighted man who is charmed by the vast horizon and who is disturbed by the foreground only when an opaque object obstructs his view.


I very rarely think in words at all. A thought comes, and I may try to express it in words afterwards.

I have come to know the mutability of all human relationships and have learned to insulate myself against both heat and cold so that a temperature balance is fairly well assured.

To Heinrich Zangger, March 10, 1917. CPAE, Vol. 8, Doc. 309

I am by heritage a Jew, by citizenship a Swiss, and by disposition a human being, and only a human being, without any special attachment to any state or national entity whatsoever.

To Adolf Kneser, June 7, 1918. CPAE, Vol. 8, Doc. 560

I was originally supposed to become an engineer, but the thought of having to expend my creative energy on things that make practical everyday life even more refined, with a loathsome capital gain as the goal, was unbearable to me.

To Heinrich Zangger, ca. August 1918. CPAE, Vol. 8, Doc. 597

I lack any sentiment of the sort; all I have is a sense of duty toward all people and an attachment to those with whom I have become intimate.

To Heinrich Zangger, June 1, 1919, regarding his lack of attachment to any particular place, as, for example, physicist Max Planck had to Germany. CPAE, Vol. 9, Doc. 52
I also had little inclination for history [in school]. But I think it had more to do with the method of instruction than with the subject itself.

To sons Hans Albert and Eduard, June 13, 1919. *CPAE*, Vol. 9, Doc. 60

I have not yet eaten enough of the fruit of the Tree of Knowledge, though in my profession I am obliged to feed on it regularly.

To Max Born, November 9, 1919. In Born, *Born-Einstein Letters*, 16; *CPAE*, Vol. 9, Doc. 162

By an application of the theory of relativity to the taste of readers, to-day in Germany I am called a German man of science, and in England I am represented as a Swiss Jew. If I come to be represented as a *bête noire*, the descriptions will be reversed, and I shall become a Swiss Jew for the Germans and a German man of science for the English!

To *The Times* (London), November 28, 1919, 13–14, written at the request of the newspaper. Also referred to in a letter to Paul Ehrenfest, December 4, 1919. See also the quotation of April 6, 1922, below. *CPAE*, Vol. 7, Doc. 26

Another funny thing is that I myself count everywhere as a Bolshevist, God knows why; perhaps because I do not take all that slop in the *Berliner Tageblatt* as milk and honey.

To Heinrich Zangger, December 15 or 22, 1919. *CPAE*, Vol. 9, Doc. 217
With fame I become more and more stupid, which of course is a very common phenomenon.

To Heinrich Zangger, December 24, 1919. *CPAE*, Vol. 9, Doc. 233

Since the light deflection result became public, such a cult has been made out of me that I feel like a pagan idol. But this, too, God willing, will pass.

To Heinrich Zangger, January 3, 1920. *CPAE*, Vol. 9, Doc. 242. Einstein had even been asked to give a three-week “performance” at the London Palladium to explain relativity.

I do know that kind fate allowed me to find a couple of nice ideas after many years of feverish labor.


An awareness of my limitations pervades me all the more keenly in recent times because my faculties have been quite overrated since a few consequences of general relativity theory have stood the test.

Ibid.

I am being so terribly deluged with inquiries, invitations, and requests that at night I dream I am burning in hell and the mailman is the devil and is continually yelling at me, hurling a fresh bundle of
letters at my head because I still haven’t answered the old ones.

To Ludwig Hopf, February 2, 1920. CPAE, Vol. 9, Doc. 295

My father’s ashes lie in Milan. I buried my mother here [Berlin] only a few days ago. I myself have journeyed to and fro continuously—a stranger everywhere. My children are in Switzerland. . . . A person like me has as his ideal to be at home anywhere with his near and dear ones.


The teaching faculty in elementary school was liberal and did not make any denominational distinctions. Among the Gymnasium teachers there were a few anti-Semites. Among the children, anti-Semitism was alive especially in elementary school. It was based on conspicuous racial characteristics and on impressions left from the lessons on religion. Active attacks and verbal abuse on the way to and from school were frequent but usually not all that serious. They sufficed, however, to establish an acute feeling of alienation already in childhood.

To Paul Nathan, political editor of the Berliner Tageblatt, for an article on anti-Semitism, April 3, 1920. CPAE, Vol. 9, Doc. 366

I will always fondly recall the hours spent in your home, including the pearls of Persian wisdom with
which I became acquainted through your hospitality and your work. As an Oriental by blood, I feel they are especially meaningful to me.

To Friedrich Rosen, German envoy in The Hague, May 1920. Rosen had apparently been posted in Persia at one time and edited a collection of Persian stories. Einstein Archives 9-492

It also pleases me that it is still possible, even today, to be treated as an internationally minded person without being compartmentalized into one of the two big drawers.

To H. A. Lorentz, June 15, 1920. The “two big drawers” at the time were the pro–Central Powers and the pro-Allies. CPAE, Vol. 10, Doc. 56

*Don’t be too hard on me. Everyone has to sacrifice at the altar of stupidity from time to time, to please the Deity and the human race. And this I have done thoroughly with my article.

To Max and Hedi Born, September 9, 1920, downplaying criticism for an article he wrote. In Born, Born-Einstein Letters, 34. CPAE, Vol. 7, Doc. 45

Like the man in the fairytale who turned everything he touched into gold, so with me everything is turned into newspaper clamor.

Ibid. To his friend Paul Ehrenfest he wrote ten years later, on March 21, 1930, “With me, every peep becomes a trumpet solo” (Einstein Archives 10-212).
Personally, I experience the greatest degree of pleasure in having contact with works of art. They furnish me with happy feelings of an intensity that I cannot derive from other sources.

1920. Quoted by Moszkowski, Conversations with Einstein, 184. Here, according to the context, Einstein refers only to literature.

*I do not care to speak about my work. The sculptor, the artists, the musician, the scientist work because they love their work. Fame and honor are secondary. My work is my life, and when I find the truth I proclaim it. . . . Opposition does not affect my work.

Quoted in New York Call, May 31, 1921, 2. See also Illy, Albert Meets America, 312

To be called to account publicly for what others have said in your name, when you cannot defend yourself, is a sad situation indeed.

From “Einstein and the Interviewers,” August 1921. Einstein Archives 21-047

If my theory of relativity is proven successful, Germany will claim me as a German and France will declare that I am a citizen of the world. Should my theory prove untrue, France will say that I am a German and Germany will declare that I am a Jew.

From an address to the French Philosophical Society at the Sorbonne, April 6, 1922. See also French press clipping,
When a blind beetle crawls over the surface of a curved branch, it doesn’t notice that the track it has covered is indeed curved. I was lucky enough to notice what the beetle didn’t notice.

In answer to his son Eduard’s question about why he is so famous, 1922. Quoted in Flückiger, Albert Einstein in Bern, and Grüning, Ein Haus für Albert Einstein, 498

Now I am sitting peacefully in Holland after being told that certain people in Germany have it in for me as a “Jewish saint.” In Stuttgart there was even a poster in which I appeared in first place among the richest Jews.

To sons Hans Albert and Eduard, November 24, 1923. Einstein Archives 75-627

Of all the communities available to us, there is not one I would want to devote myself to except for the society of the true searchers, which has very few living members at any one time.

To Max and Hedwig Born, April 29, 1924. In Born, Born-Einstein Letters, 79. Einstein Archives 8-176

[I] must seek in the stars that which was denied [to me] on Earth.

To his secretary Betty Neumann, 1924, with whom he had fallen in love while married to Elsa, upon ending
his relationship with her. She was the niece of his friend Hans Muehsam. See Pais, *Subtle Is the Lord*, 320; and Folsing, *Albert Einstein*, 548

Imagination is more important than knowledge. Knowledge is limited. Imagination encircles the world.


My own career was undoubtedly determined not by my own will, but by various factors over which I have no control, primarily those mysterious glands in which nature prepares the very essence of life.

In a discussion on free will and determinism. Ibid. Reprinted in Viereck, *Glimpses of the Great*, 442

To punish me for my contempt of authority, Fate has made me an authority myself.


I am an artist’s model.

As recalled and noted by Herbert Samuel, who asked him his occupation, reflecting Einstein’s feeling that he was constantly posing for sculptures and paintings, October 31, 1930. Einstein Archives 21-006. The photographer Philippe
Halsmann’s version is a bit different: An elderly woman on a bus told Einstein she must have seen his picture somewhere because he looked familiar, and Einstein responded, “I am a photographer’s model.” See Halsmann, letter to editors, New York Review of Books, May 26, 1966.

I have never looked upon ease and happiness as ends in themselves—such an ethical basis I call the ideal of a pigsty. . . . The ideals which have always shone before me and filled me with the joy of living are goodness, beauty, and truth. To make a goal of comfort or happiness has never appealed to me.

From “What I Believe,” Forum and Century 84 (1930), 193–194. See also Rowe and Schulmann, Einstein on Politics, 226, for background information and the whole essay. This and other passages from the essay have been variously translated elsewhere. For this edition of the book, I am consistently using the versions in Forum and Century.

*Possessions, outward success, publicity, luxury—to me these have always been contemptible. I believe that a simple and unassuming life is best for . . . the body and mind.

Ibid.

*My passionate interest in social justice and social responsibility has always stood in curious contrast to a marked lack of desire for direct association with men and women. I am a horse for single harness, not cut out for tandem or team work. I have never belonged wholeheartedly to country or state, to my
circle of friends, or even to my own family. These ties have always been accompanied by a vague aloofness, and the wish to withdraw into myself increases with the years.

Ibid.

Many times a day I realize how much my outer and inner life is based upon the labors of my fellow men, both living and dead, and how much I must exert myself in order to give in return as much as I have received.

Ibid.

It is an irony of fate that I myself have been the recipient of excessive admiration and reverence from my fellow-beings, through no fault or merit of my own.

Ibid.

Professor Einstein begs you to treat your publications for the time being as if he were already dead.

Written on Einstein’s behalf by his secretary, Helen Dukas, March 1931, after he was besieged by one too many manuscripts. Einstein Archives 46-487

It strikes me as unfair, and even in bad taste, to select a few individuals for boundless admiration, attributing superhuman powers of mind and character to them. This has been my fate, and the contrast
between the popular assessment of my powers and achievements and the reality is simply grotesque.


Although I try to be universal in thought, I am European by instinct and inclination.

Quoted in *Daily Express* (London), September 11, 1933. Also in Holton, *Advancement of Science*, 126

People flatter me as long as I’m of use to them. But when I try to serve goals with which they are in disagreement, they immediately turn to abuse and calumny in defense of their interests.

To an unidentified pacifist, 1932. Einstein Archives 28-191

I suffered at the hands of my teachers a similar treatment; they disliked me for my independence and passed me over when they wanted assistants. (I must admit, though, that I was somewhat less of a model student than you.)

To a young girl, Irene Freuder, November 20, 1932. Reprinted as “Education and Educators,” in *Ideas and Opinions*, 56. Einstein Archives 28-221

My life is a simple thing that would interest no one. It is a known fact that I was born, and that is all that is necessary.
To Princeton High School reporter Henry Russo, quoted in *The Tower*, April 13, 1935

As a boy of twelve years making my acquaintance with elementary mathematics, I was thrilled in seeing that it was possible to find out truth by reasoning alone, without the help of any outside experience. . . . I became more and more convinced that even nature could be understood as a relatively simple mathematical structure.

Ibid.

Arrows of hate have been aimed at me too, but they have never hit me, because somehow they belonged to another world with which I have no connection whatsoever.


I have settled down splendidly here: I hibernate like a bear in its cave, and really feel more at home than ever before in all my varied existence. This bearishness has been accentuated still further because of the death of my mate, who was more attached to human beings than I.

To Max Born, early 1937, after the death of Einstein’s wife, Elsa. In Born, *Born-Einstein Letters*, 125. Einstein Archives 8-199
I wouldn’t want to live if I did not have my work. . . . In any case, it’s good that I’m already old and personally don’t have to count on a prolonged future.

To close friend Michele Besso, October 10, 1938, reflecting on Hitler’s rise to power. Einstein Archives 7-376

I firmly believe that love [of a subject or hobby] is a better teacher than a sense of duty—at least for me.

In draft of a letter to Philipp Frank, 1940. Einstein Archives 71-191

*I have never given my name for commercial use even in cases where no misleading of the public was involved as it would be in your case. I, therefore, forbid you to use my name in any way.

To Marvin Ruebush, who had asked Einstein for permission to use his name in promoting a cure for stomach aches, May 22, 1942. Einstein Archives 56-066

Why is it that nobody understands me, yet everybody likes me?

From an interview, New York Times, March 12, 1944

I do not like to state an opinion on a matter unless I know the precise facts.

From an interview with Richard J. Lewis, New York Times, August 12, 1945, 29:3, on declining to comment on Germany’s progress on the atom bomb
I never think of the future. It comes soon enough.

Aphorism, 1945–46. According to the Oxford Dictionary of Humorous Quotations (2d ed., 2001), this quotation came from an interview on the ship Belgenland in December 1930; perhaps it was recalled later and inserted into the archives under the later date. Einstein Archives 36-570

The development of this thought world (Gedankenwelt) is in a certain sense a continuous flight from “wonder.” A wonder of such nature I experienced as a child of four or five years, when my father showed me a compass.

Written in 1946 for “Autobiographical Notes,” 9

My intuition was not strong enough in the field of mathematics in order to differentiate clearly the fundamentally important . . . from the rest of the more or less dispensable erudition. Beyond this, however, my interest in the knowledge of nature was also unqualifiedly stronger. . . . In this field I soon learned to scent out that which was able to lead to fundamentals and to turn aside . . . from the multitude of things which clutter up the mind and divert it from the essential.

Ibid., 15–17

The essential in the being of a man of my type lies precisely in what he thinks and how he thinks, not in what he does or suffers.

Ibid., 33
There have already been published by the bucketsful such brazen lies and utter fictions about me that I would long since have gone to my grave if I had allowed myself to pay attention to them.

To the writer Max Brod, February 22, 1949. Einstein Archives 34-066.1

*I lack influence [at the Institute for Advanced Study], as I am generally regarded as a sort of petrified object, rendered blind and deaf by the years. I find this role not too distasteful, as it corresponds fairly well with my temperament.

To Max and Hedi Born, April 12, 1949. In Born, Born-Einstein Letters, 178–179. (Similar to “My fame begins outside of Princeton. My word counts for little in Fine Hall,” as quoted by Infeld in Quest, 302.) Einstein Archives 8-223

*I simply enjoy giving more than receiving in every respect, to not take myself nor the doings of the masses seriously, am not ashamed of my weaknesses and vices, and naturally take things as they come with equanimity and humor. Many people are like this, and I really cannot understand why I have been made into a kind of idol.

Ibid., in reply to Max Born’s question on Einstein’s attitude toward a simple life

My scientific work is motivated by an irresistible longing to understand the secrets of nature and by no other feelings. My love for justice and the striving
to contribute toward the improvement of human conditions are quite independent from my scientific interests.

To F. Lentz, August 20, 1949, in answer to a letter asking Einstein about his scientific motivation. Einstein Archives 58-418

I have no special talents. I am only passionately curious.

To Carl Seelig, March 11, 1952. Einstein Archives 39-013

I’m doing just fine, considering that I have triumphantly survived Nazism and two wives.

To Jakob Ehrat, May 12, 1952. Einstein Archives 59-554

It is a strange thing to be so widely known, and yet to be so lonely. But it is a fact that this kind of popularity . . . is forcing its victim into a defensive position which leads to isolation.

To E. Marangoni, October 1, 1952. Einstein Archives 60-406

All my life I have dealt with objective matters; hence I lack both the natural aptitude and the experience to deal properly with people and to carry out official functions.

Statement to Abba Eban, Israeli ambassador to the United States, November 18, 1952, in turning down the presidency of Israel after Chaim Weizmann’s death. Einstein Archives 28-943
*I myself have certainly found satisfaction in my efforts, but I would not consider it sensible to defend the results of my work as being my own “property,” like some old miser might defend the few pennies he had laboriously scraped together.

To Max Born, October 12, 1953. In Born, Einstein-Born Letters, 195. Einstein Archives 8-231

I’m a magnet for all the crackpots in the world, but they are of interest to me, too. A favorite pastime of mine is to reconstruct their thinking processes. I feel genuinely sorry for them, that’s why I try to help them.

Quoted by Fantova, “Conversations with Einstein,” October 15, 1953

In the past it never occurred to me that every casual remark of mine would be snatched up and recorded. Otherwise I would have crept further into my shell.

To Carl Seelig, October 25, 1953. Einstein Archives 39-053

During the First World War, when I was thirty-five years old and traveled from Germany to Switzerland, I was stopped at the border and asked for my name. I had to hesitate before I remembered it. I have always had a bad memory.

Quoted by Fantova, “Conversations with Einstein,” November 7, 1953
I was supposed to be named Abraham after my grandfather. But that was too Jewish for my parents, so they made use of the “A” and named me Albert.

Ibid., December 5, 1953

All manner of fable is being attached to my personality, and there is no end to the number of ingeniously devised tales. All the more do I appreciate and respect what is truly sincere.

To Queen Elisabeth of Belgium, March 28, 1954. Einstein Archives 32-410

Today Mr. Berks has shown me the bust he made of me. I admire the bust highly as a portrait and not less as a work of art and as a characterization of mental personality.

From a signed statement written in English, April 15, 1954. Robert Berks is the sculptor who created the statue of Einstein in front of the National Academy of Science in Washington, D.C. The bust was used as a model for the statue. The bust itself, donated by the sculptor, was placed in front of Borough Hall, Princeton, New Jersey, in April 2005. (Statement, of which he gave me a copy, is in possession of Mr. Berks.)

It is true that my parents were worried because I began to speak fairly late, so that they even consulted a doctor. I can’t say how old I was—but surely not less than three.
In her biography of Einstein, Einstein’s sister, Maja, put his age at two and a half; see CPAE, Vol. 1, lvii

I’m not the kind of snob or exhibitionist that you take me to be and furthermore have nothing of value to say of immediate concern, as you seem to assume.

In reply to a letter, May 27, 1954, asking Einstein to send a message to a new museum in Chile, to be put on display for others to admire. Einstein Archives 60-624

It is quite curious, even abnormal, that, with your superficial knowledge about the subject, you are so confident in your judgment. I regret that I cannot spare the time to occupy myself with dilettantes.

To dentist G. Lebau, who claimed he had a better theory of relativity, July 10, 1954. The dentist returned Einstein’s letter with a note written at the bottom: “I am thirty years old; it takes time to learn humility.” Einstein Archives 60-226

I never read what anyone writes about me—they are mostly lies from the newspapers that are always repeated. . . . The only exception has been the Swiss man, [Carl] Seelig; he is very nice and did a good job. I didn’t read his book, either, but Dukas read some parts of it to me.

Quoted by Fantova, “Conversations with Einstein,” September 13, 1954
If I would be a young man again and had to decide how to make my living, I would not try to become a scientist or scholar or teacher. I would rather choose to be a plumber or a peddler, in the hope of finding that modest degree of independence still available under present circumstances.

To the editor, *The Reporter* 11, no. 9 (November 18, 1954). See Rowe and Schulmann, *Einstein on Politics*, 485–486. Said in response to the McCarthy-era witch hunt of intellectuals. He felt that science at its best should be a hobby and that one should make a living at something else (see Straus, “Reminiscences,” in Holton and Elkana, *Albert Einstein: Historical and Cultural Perspectives*, 421). A plumber, Stanley Murray, replied to Einstein on November 11: “Since my ambition has always been to be a scholar and yours seems to be a plumber, I suggest that as a team we would be tremendously successful. We can then be possessed of both knowledge and independence” (Rosenkranz, *Einstein Scrapbook*, 82–83). At other times, Einstein allegedly also claimed that he would choose to be a musician, and suggested the job of lighthouse keeper to young scientists in a speech in the Royal Albert Hall in London in 1933 (Nathan and Norden, *Einstein on Peace*, 238).

*In the present circumstances, the only profession I would choose would be one where earning a living had nothing to do with the search for knowledge.*


Only in mathematics and physics was I, through self-study, far beyond the school curriculum, and
also with regard to philosophy as it was taught in the school curriculum.


The only way to escape the corruptible effect of praise is to go on working.


God gave me the stubbornness of a mule and a fairly keen scent.

As recalled by Ernst Straus. Quoted in Seelig, *Helle Zeit, dunkle Zeit*, 72

The ordinary adult never gives a thought to space-time problems. . . . I, on the contrary, developed so slowly that I did not begin to wonder about space and time until I was an adult. I then delved more deeply into the problem than any other adult or child would have done.

As recalled by Nobel laureate James Franck, on Einstein’s belief that it is usually children, not adults, who reflect on space-time problems. Quoted in Seelig, *Albert Einstein und die Schweiz*, 73

When I was young, all I wanted and expected from life was to sit quietly in some corner doing my work
without the public paying attention to me. And now see what has become of me.

Quoted in Hoffmann, *Albert Einstein: Creator and Rebel*, 4

When I examine myself and my methods of thought, I come close to the conclusion that the gift of imagination has meant more to me than my talent for absorbing absolute knowledge.

Similar to “Imagination is more important than knowledge” (1929), quoted above. Recalled by a friend on the one hundredth anniversary of Einstein’s birth, celebrated February 18, 1979. Quoted in Ryan, *Einstein and the Humanities*, 125

I have never obtained any ethical values from my scientific work.

As recalled by Manfred Clynes. Quoted in Michelmore, *Einstein: Profile of the Man*, 251

Many things which go under my name are badly translated from the German or are invented by other people.

To George Seldes, compiler of *The Great Quotations* (1960), cited in Kantha, *An Einstein Dictionary*, 175

I hate my pictures. Look at my face. If it weren’t for this [his mustache], I’d look like a woman!

Said to photographer Alan Richards sometime during the last ten years of his life. Quoted by Richards, “Reminiscences,” in *Einstein as I Knew Him* (unnumbered pages)
You’re the first person in years who has told me what you really think of me.

To an eighteen-month-old baby boy who screamed upon being introduced to Einstein. Quoted in ibid.

I have finished my task here.

Said as he was dying. Einstein Archives 39-095. Taken from biographer Carl Seelig’s account; he may have heard it from Einstein’s secretary Helen Dukas or stepdaughter Margot Einstein.